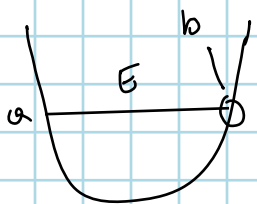


WKB weiter:

$$u(x) = \frac{C_+}{\sqrt{p(x)}} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{x_0}^x dx' p(x')} + \frac{C_-}{\sqrt{p(x)}} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \int_{x_0}^x dx' p(x')}$$

$$p(x) = \sqrt{2m(E - V(x))}$$

umschreiben v. u: $= \frac{C}{\sqrt{p(x)}} \cos\left(\frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{x_0}^x dx' p(x') + \varphi(x_0)\right)$



$E = V$

$p = 0$

Problem: Das Ganze divergiert

Daher muss man um. treffen

Näherung: $V(x) \approx \underbrace{V(b)}_E + V'(x-b)$

Log d. SGL:

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} u'' + V(x) u(x) = E u(x)$$

$$u'' = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (V-E) u \approx \underbrace{\frac{2m V'(b)}{\hbar^2}}_E (x-b) u$$

$(u'' - z u = 0)$

$$\frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} - c(x-b) u = 0$$

// $z = c_b (x-b)$

// $\frac{d^2 u}{dx^2} = c_b^2 \frac{d^2 u}{dz^2}$

// Koord - Transform

$$c_b^2 \frac{d^2 u}{dz^2} - \frac{c}{c_b} z u = 0$$

$$u'' - \frac{c}{c_b^3} z u = 0$$

// setze $\frac{c}{c_b^3} = 1$

$B_i(x) : \dots$ siehe Folie

$A_i(x) \text{ ---}$ Lsg: diverg. Funkt.

B_i divergent

$\Rightarrow A_i$ physich. Lösung

$$A_i(-z) \xrightarrow{z \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2}{3} z^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{1}{4} \pi\right)}{2 \sqrt{\pi} z^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$A_i(z) \xrightarrow{z \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{2}{3} z^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} z^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

nützlich!

WKB Lsg in der Nähe v. b

$$u_b(x) = A_i(c_b(x-b))$$

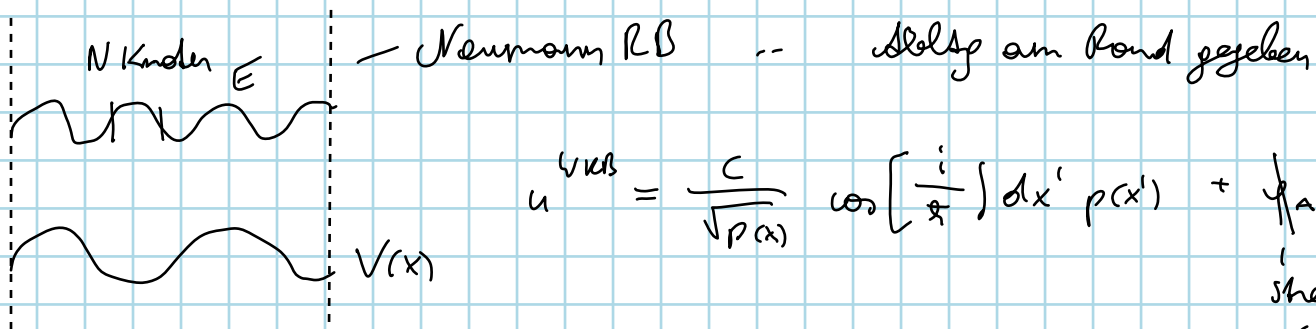
$$u_a(x) = A_i(c_a(a-x))$$

$$u_a^{wkb} = C \frac{\cos\left(\frac{1}{\hbar} \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{-2mV'(a)} (x-a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - \varphi_a\right)}{\sqrt[4]{(a-x) 2mV'(a)}}$$

$$= C \frac{\cos\left(\frac{2}{3} z^{\frac{3}{2}} + \varphi_a\right)}{z^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$\varphi_a = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

diverg. Fkt. kann nicht Phase $= \emptyset$ haben



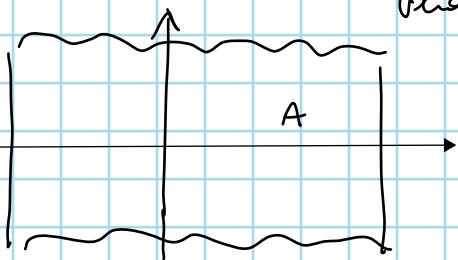
$$N \text{ Knoten} : \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_a^b dx' p_E(x') = N\pi$$

Umschreiben \int in andere Richt p.

$$\left[\int_0^b p(x) + \int_b^a -p(x) \right] = 2\pi \hbar N$$

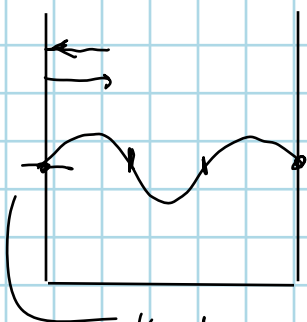
A Phasenraum

für Neumann RB exakt.



$$A = \oint p \, dq = 2\pi \hbar n$$

Dirichlet RB:



Knoten am Rand,
klassisch eine Reflexion

p wird \emptyset und klappt

um! $p \rightarrow -p$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{-p}} = \frac{\pm i}{\sqrt{|p|}} = \frac{e^{\pm i \frac{\pi}{2}}}{\sqrt{|p|}}$$

Phasen: Neumann: \emptyset

Dirichlet: $-\frac{\pi}{2}$

Weile (Diry Fkt): $-\frac{\pi}{4}$

$$A \text{ korrigiert: } \oint p \, dq = 2\pi \hbar \left(n + \frac{N}{4} \right)$$

Maslov Index $N := \emptyset + N_{\text{weil}} + 2N_{\text{Hard}}$